



### Description

Thermal-Link (ATCO)-Alloy Type is defined as a non-resettable protective device functioning one time only. It is widely used in electrical equipment. ATCO is mainly consist of fusible alloy, flux resin, case, sealant and lead wires. Normally, fusible alloy is jointed to the two lead wires. Under abnormal conditions, when the temp. reaches to the fusing temp. of ATCO, the fusible alloy melts and quickly retracts to the two lead wire ends with the aid of the flux resin and disconnects the circuit completely.

SETsafe | SETfuse Thermal-Link (ATCO)-Alloy Type SE series Rated Functioning Temp. from 102 °C to 230 °C, Rated Current: 10A, safety certification Includes PSE, CCC, TUV, and complies with RoHS and REACH.

### Features

- Make a Mounting Hole
- Lead Wires Insulated
- Non-Resettable
- High Accuracy of Functioning Temp.
- RoHS & REACH Compliant

### Applications

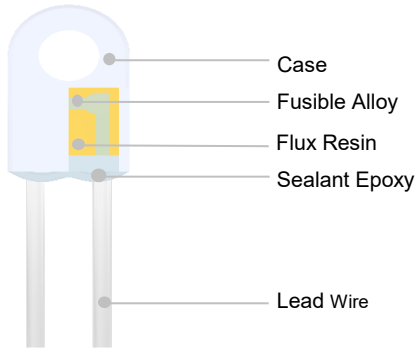
- Electric Heating Appliances
- Home Electrical Appliances

### Customization

- Other Temp.
- The Length of Lead Wires
- Lead Wires can Make Pluggable Terminals

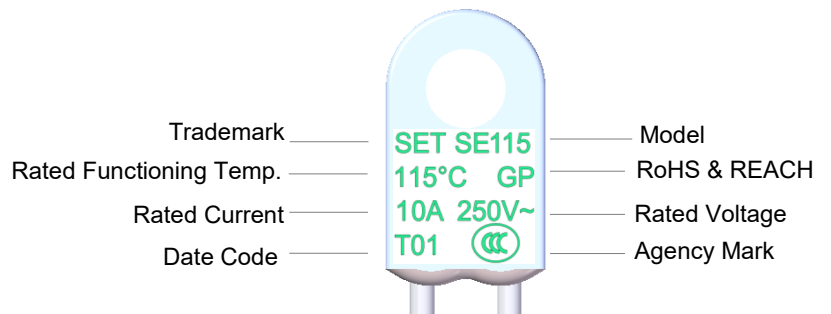
### Structure Diagrams

Radial



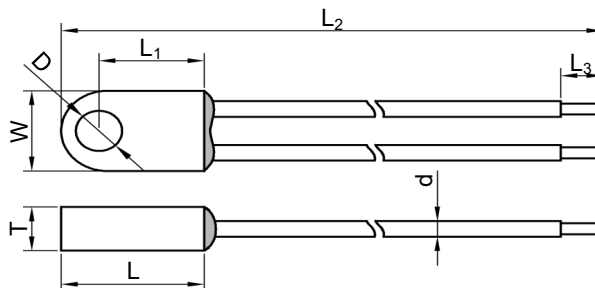
### Marking

Radial (Color for reference only)



Remark: The Date Code means Year and quarter: A stands for 2000, B stands for 2001 and 01 stands for the first quarter, 02 stands for the second quarter, and so on.




### Dimensions (mm)



L	L <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>2</sub>	L <sub>3</sub>	W	T	D	d
16.0 ± 1.0	11.5 ± 1.0	93.0 ± 3.0	5.0 ± 1.0	9.0 ± 1.0	4.0 ± 0.5	4.5 ± 1.0	UL1332 18AWG

Specifications



Rated Functioning Temp. ( $T_f$ ) °C

	Model	Fusing Temp.	$T_h$	$T_m$	$I_r$	$U_r$				RoHS REACH
		(°C)	(°C)	(°C)	(A)	(V)	PSE	CCC	TUV	
<b>230</b>	SE230	225 ± 2	190 186 <sup>a</sup>	380	10	AC 250	○	●	●	●
<b>221</b>	SE221	218 ± 2	186 182 <sup>a</sup>	380	10	AC 250	○	○	●	●
<b>200</b>	SE200	196 ± 3	160 156 <sup>a</sup>	380	10	AC 250	○	●	●	●
<b>160</b>	SE160	155 ± 2	126 <sup>a</sup>	380	10	AC 250	○	○	●	●
<b>150</b>	SE150	145 ± 2	120 116 <sup>a</sup>	380	10	AC 250	●	●	●	●
<b>145</b>	SE145	140 ± 2	115 111 <sup>a</sup>	380	10	AC 250	●	●	●	●
<b>135</b>	SE135	130 ± 2	105 101 <sup>a</sup>	380	10	AC 250	●	●	●	●
<b>125</b>	SE125	121 ± 2	95 91 <sup>a</sup>	380	10	AC 250	●	●	●	●
<b>115</b>	SE115	111 ± 2	85 81 <sup>a</sup>	380	10	AC 250	●	●	●	●
<b>102</b>	SE102	98 ± 3	72 64 <sup>a</sup>	380	10	AC 250	●	●	●	●

Note:

- 1: "●"Means certificated, "○"Means non-certificated.
- 2: RoHS & REACH Compliant .
- 3: " a ": The temperature measurement point for holding temperature ( $T_h$ ) shall be positioned 50 mm away from the product body, in accordance with the requirements specified in Appendix I of IEC 60691:2024 and Appendix I of GB/T 9816.1-2023.

### Agency Information

Agency Symbol	Standards	The File No. and certification No. obtained by SETsafe   SETfuse
	J60691	JET2121-32001-2029、JET2121-32001-2030 JET2121-32001-2031
	GB 9816.1	2020000205000017

### Soldering

#### Hand-Soldering

- Soldering should be carried out according to Table T-1.
- The thermal element of ATCO is fusible alloy with low melting point, which is jointed with ATCO lead wires. Improper soldering operation (too high soldering temp. , too long soldering time, too short lead wire etc.) may transfer more heat to the thermal element and ATCO may open in advance.
- When soldering conditions are more severe than those listed in Table T-1, a heat sink fixture should be used between soldering point and ATCO body.
- When soldering, please do not pull / push or twist ATCO body or lead wires.
- After soldering, let it naturally cool for longer than 20 seconds. During cooling, never move the ATCO body or lead wires.

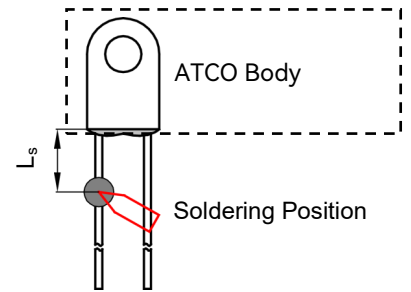


FIGURE T-1

TABLE T-1 Hand-Soldering Time

Rated Functioning Temp. (T <sub>f</sub> )	Max. Allowable Soldering Time for Different Lead Wire Length (Fig.T-1)									Max. Soldering Temp.
	L <sub>s</sub> Length	Time		L <sub>s</sub> Length	Time		L <sub>s</sub> Length	Time		
		Tinned Copper Wire	CP Wire		Tinned Copper Wire	CP Wire		Tinned Copper Wire	CP Wire	
(°C)	(mm)	(s)	(s)	(mm)	(s)	(s)	(mm)	(s)	(s)	(°C)
102 to 115	10	1 <sup>a</sup>	4	20	2	5	30	3	6	400
116 to 135	10	1 <sup>a</sup>	4	20	3	6	30	5	8	
136 to 150	10	3	6	20	5	8	30	5	8	
151 to 230	10	4	7	20	6	9	30	7	10	

Note:

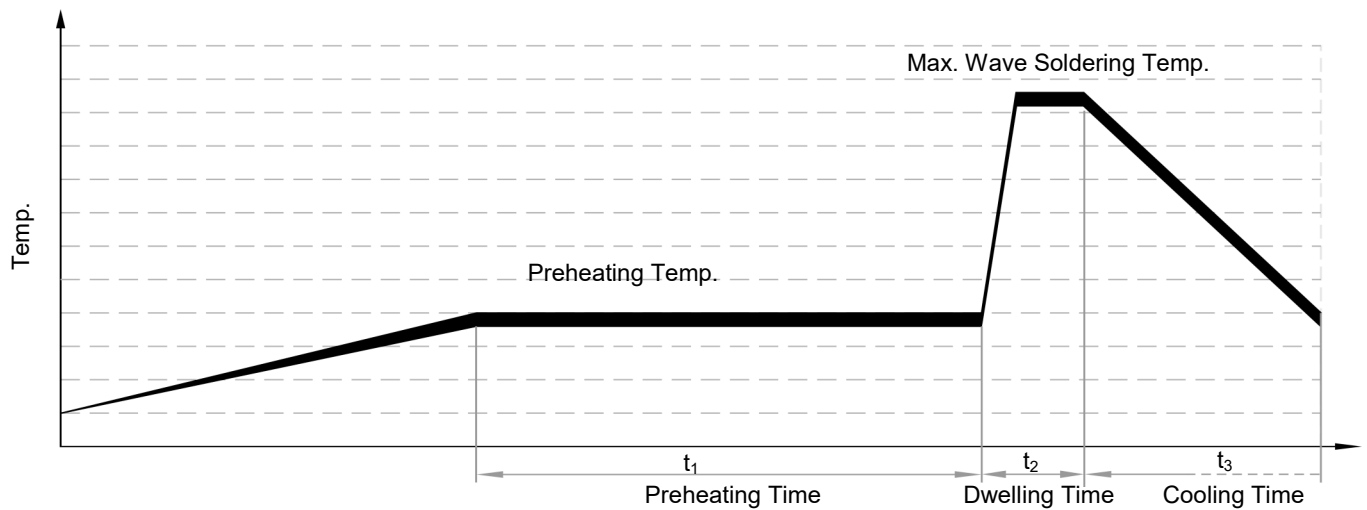
a: Auxiliary Heat Sink Fixture is Required to Avoid ATCO Cutting off Unexpectedly.

Wave Soldering

The wave soldering parameters as Table T-2, for reference only, when ATCO is for practice use, you need to do some validation experiments. For example, using X-RAY to see the fusible alloy of ATCO whether damage after wave soldering.

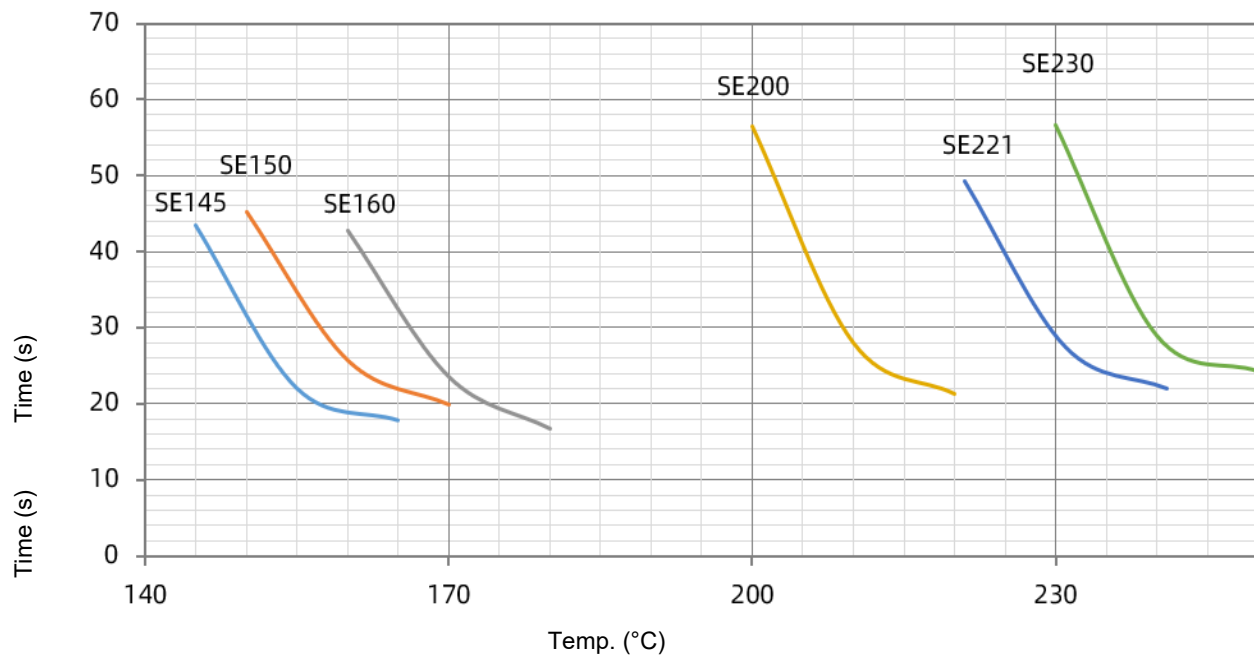
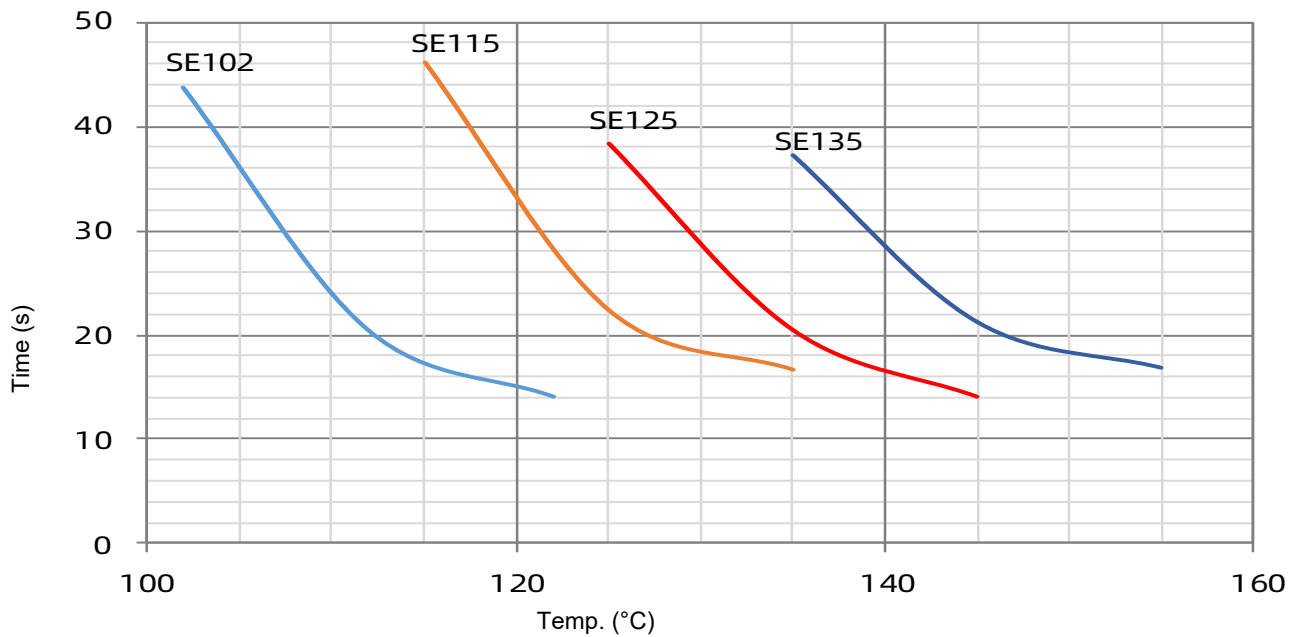
TABLE T-2 Wave Soldering Parameters Setting

Rated Functioning Temp. ( $T_f$ )	Max. Allowable Preheating Temp. When the Length of Lead Wire is Different (Fig.T-1)				Preheating Time ( $t_1$ )	Max. Wave Soldering Temp.	Dwelling Time ( $t_2$ )	Cooling Time ( $t_3$ )
	$L_s$ Length	Preheating Temp.	$L_s$ Length	Preheating Temp.				
(°C)	(mm)	(°C)	(mm)	(°C)	(s)	(°C)	(s)	(s)
102 to 130	Recommend Hand-Soldering							
131 to 150	20	80	30	90	< 60	≤ 260	≤ 3	≤ 10
151 to 230	20	90	30	100	< 60	≤ 260	≤ 3	≤ 10



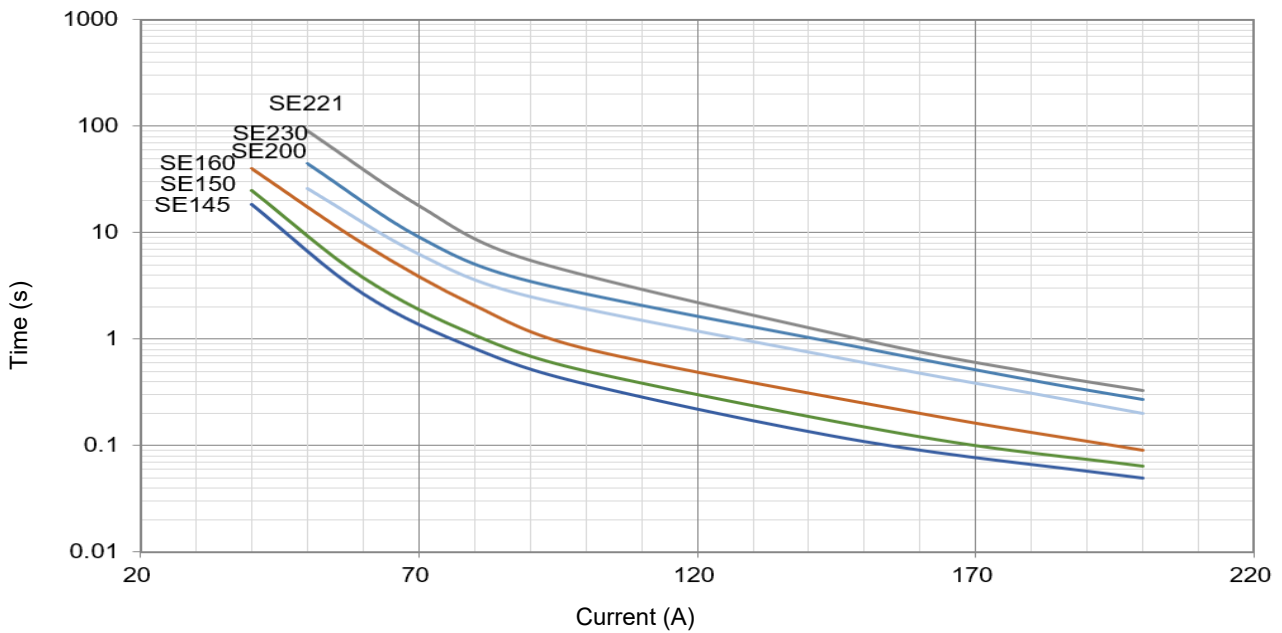
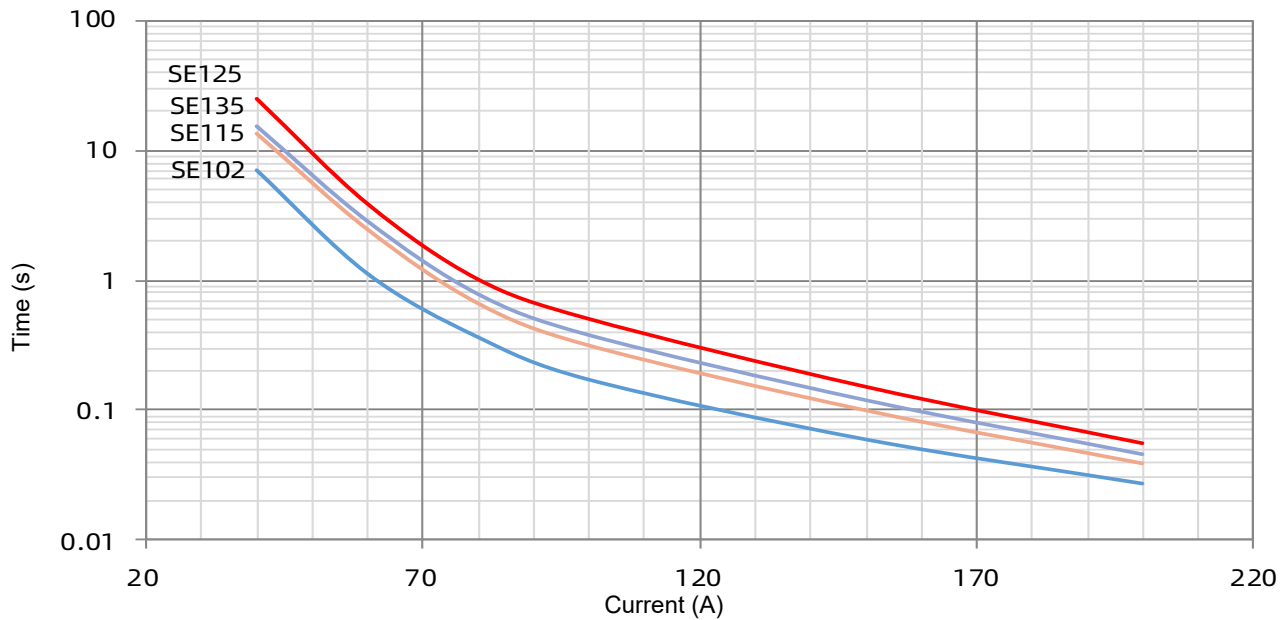
### Product Temp.-Time Curve (Reference)

The Temp.-Time Curve of Thermal-Link in different temp. oil bath.



### Product Current-Time Curve (Reference)

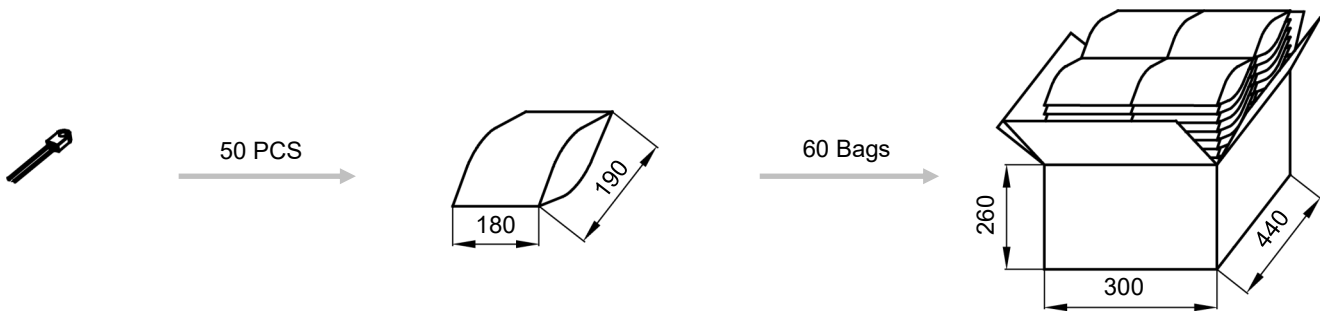
The Current-Time Curve shows functioning time at multi-times rated current at room temperature  $25 \pm 2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .



**Packaging Information**

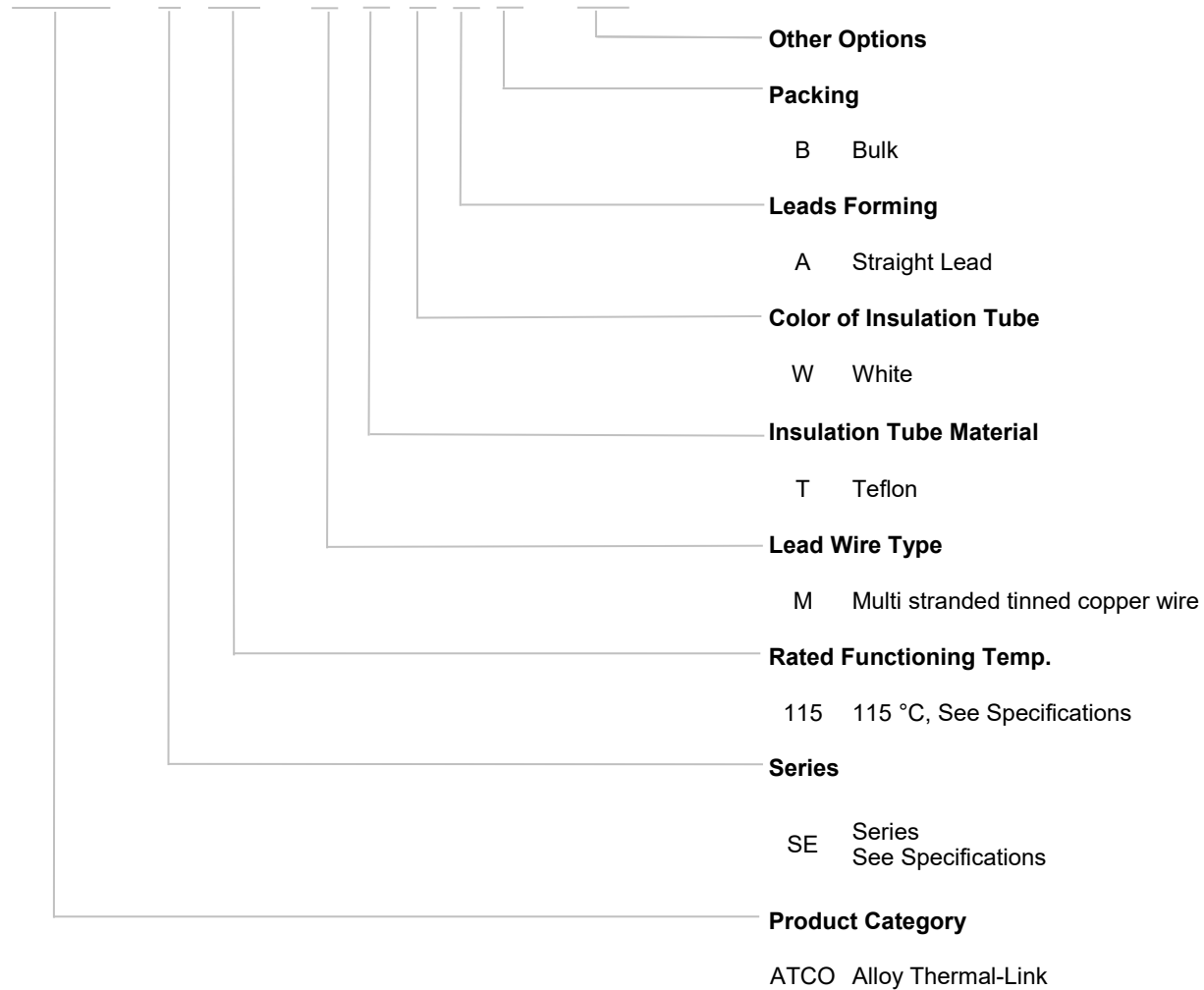
Bulk

Item	PE Bag	Carton
Dimensions (mm)	190 × 180	440 × 300 × 260
Quantity (PCS)	50	3000
Gross Weight (kg)		16.0 ± 10%



### Part Numbering System

ATCO – SE115 - M T W A B - 001



## Glossary

Item	Description
TCO	<p><b>Thermal-Link</b> A non-resettable device incorporating a THERMAL ELEMENT which will open a circuit once only when exposed for a sufficient length of time to a temperature in excess of that for which it has been designed.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
ATCO	<p><b>Alloy Thermal-Link</b> Alloy Type Thermal-Link, Alloy is the thermal element.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
$T_f$	<p><b>Rated Functioning Temp.</b> The temperature of the Alloy Thermal-Link which causes it to change the state of conductivity with a detection current up to 10 mA as the only load.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p> <p>Tolerance: <math>T_f</math> °C (GB 9816.1, EN 60691, K60691). Tolerance: <math>T_f \pm 7</math> °C (J60691).</p>
Fusing Temp.	<p><b>Fusing Temp.</b> The temperature of the Alloy Thermal-Link which causes it to change its state of conductivity is measured with silicone oil bath in which the temperature is increased at the rate of 0.5 °C to 1 °C / minute, with a detection current up to 10 mA as the only load.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
$T_h$	<p><b>Holding Temp.</b> The Maximum temperature at which a Alloy Thermal-Link will not change its state of conductivity when conducting rated current for 168 hours.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
$T_m$	<p><b>Maximum Temp. Limit</b> The temperature of the Alloy Thermal-Link stated by the manufacturer, up to which the mechanical and electrical properties of the Alloy Thermal-Link having changed its state of conductivity, will not be impaired for a given time.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
$I_r$	<p><b>Rated Current</b> The current used to classify a Alloy Thermal-Link.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
$U_r$	<p><b>Rated Voltage</b> The voltage used to classify a Alloy Thermal-Link.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
$I_n$	<p><b>Nominal Discharge Current</b> Being able to withstand 15 peak currents of waveform 8/20 <math>\mu</math>s to test the product's durability of withstanding pulse current.</p>
$I_{max}$	<p><b>Max. Discharge Current</b> Being able to withstand 1 peak current of waveform 8/20 <math>\mu</math>s to test max. pulse current that the product can withstand.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (UL 1449)</p>



# ATTENTION

## Usage

1. When atmosphere pressure is from 80 kPa to 106 kPa, the related altitude shall be from 2000 meters to - 500 meters.
2. Operating voltage less than rated voltage of ATCO, operating current less than rated current of ATCO.
3. Do not touch the ATCO body or lead wires directly when power is on, to avoid burn or electric shock.

## Replace

ATCO is a non-repairable product. For safety sake, it shall be replaced by an equivalent ATCO from the same manufacturer, and mounted in the same way.

## Storage

Do not store the ATCO at the high temp., high humidity or corrosive gas environment, avoid influencing the solder-ability of the lead wires, the product shall be used up within 1 year after receiving the goods.

## Installation

Make Sure the Temp. of Installation Position.

1. It is recommended that a dummy ATCO with inbuilt thermo-couple shall be used to determine the proper temp.
2. The terminal product should be tested to ensure that potential abnormal conditions do not cause ambient temp. to exceed the  $T_m$  of the ATCO.
3. Mount the ATCO at the location where temp. rises evenly.

Installation position of mechanical performance requirements.

1. Do not locate the ATCO in a place where severe vibration always occurs.
2. Ensure that the lead wire is long enough, and avoid actions such as press, tensile or twist.
3. The seal or body of ATCO must not be damaged, burned or over heated.

## Mechanical Connection

### Riveting

1. Choose small resistivity riveting material and be riveted.
2. A flexible lead or lead with low resistance should be used to rivet the ATCO.
3. Contact resistance should be minimal, large contact resistance will lead to higher temp., ATCO Functioning in advance.

### Crimping

1. Choose small resistivity crimping material and be crimped.
2. A flexible lead or lead with low resistance should be used to rivet the ATCO.
3. Contact resistance should be minimal, large contact resistance will lead to higher Temp., ATCO Functioning in advance.

## Lead Wire Forming

1. If lead wire has to be bent, please pay attention to the distance between body and bending point. Refer to Table T-3.
2. When bending leads, please use pincher or similar tools to fix the product as shown in Fig.T-2, to avoid damaging the product.
3. During forming and mounting, lead wire should not be cut, nicked, bent sharply, to avoid breaking the product.
4. Tangential forces on the leads must be avoided (i.e. pushing or pulling on the leads at angle to ATCO body) as such forces may damage the seal of ATCO.

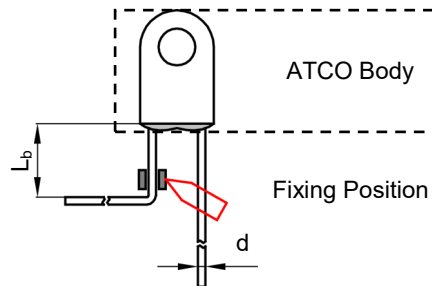


FIGURE T-2

TABLE T-3 Distance between Body and Bending Point

Circular lead	d	(mm)	< 1.0	1.0 - 1.2	> 1.2
	L <sub>b</sub>	(mm)	≥ 3	≥ 5	≥ 10



Thermal-Link (ATCO)-Alloy Type Feature & Model List Overview

Rated Functioning Temp. $T_r$ (°C)	Model																						
	SY145	TY145	KM7	XM7	YM7	Y7	SM150	TM150		KM7	XM7			YM7	HU7	HR7			YM7	HC7		HL7	HW7
230																							
221																							
205																							
200																							
187																							
160																							
150			KM7	XM7	YM7	Y7	SM150	TM150		KM7	XM7			YM7	HU7	HR7			YM7	HC7		HL7	HW7
145	SY145	TY145													HU6	HR6	HS145	HP145		HC6	HN145	HL6	HW6
139																							
136					YM9	Y9	SM136	TM136	Q136			P136	Q136	YM9			HS136	HP136	YM9		HN136		
135			KM5	XM5						KM5	XM5				HU5	HR5				HC5		HL5	HW5
133																							
130	SY130	TY130	KM4	XM4	YM4	Y4				KM4	XM4			YM4	HU4	HR4			YM4			HL4	HW4
125	SY125	TY125								KM3	XM3	P125	Q125		HU3	HR3	HS125	HP125		HC3	HN125	HL3	HW3
123																							
120	SY120	TY120																					
115	SY115	TY115					SM115	TM115	Q115			P115	Q115		HU2	HR2				HC2		HL2	HW2
105	SY105	TY105																					
102							SM102	TM102				P102	Q102		HU1	HR1				HC1		HL1	HW1
97																							
95	SY95	TY95																					
86															HU18	HR18				HC18		HL18	HW18
76															HU0	HR0				HC0		HL0	HW0
$I_r$ (A) Rated Current	10	15	2	3	5	5	10	15 16	25	2	3	20	25	5	10	15	5	10	5	5	15	10	15
$U_r$ (VAC) Rated Voltage	250		300						320		400		500				690			800			
Product Structure																							
	Cylindrical		Radial Shape						Radial Shape		Radial Shape		Axial Shape				Axial Shape (Flat Electrode)			Axial Shape		Axial Shape (Flat Electrode)	

Lead wire can be customized.



Thermal-Link (ATCO)-Alloy Type Feature & Model List Overview

Rated Functioning Temp. $T_r$ (°C)	60						100		120		125				200			Model	
	KG	XG	K	X	F		S	T	P	Q	GA	SD	TD	PD	QD	HS	HP		HN
230	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
221	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
205	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
200	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
187	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
160	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
150	○	○	○	○	○	○	S150	T150	○	○	GA150	SD150	TD150	PD150	QD150	HS150	HP150	HN150	
145	○	○	○	○	F6	X6	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
139	○	○	○	○	F13	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
136	○	○	○	○	○	X9	S136	T136	P136	Q136	GA136	SD136	TD136	PD136	QD136	HS136	HP136	HN136	
135	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
133	○	○	○	○	F8	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
130	○	○	○	○	F4	○	○	○	○	○	GA130	SD130	TD130	PD130	QD130	○	○	○	
125	KG3	XG3	K3	X3	○	○	S125	T125	P125	Q125	GA125	SD125	TD125	PD125	QD125	HS125	HP125	HN125	
123	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
120	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
115	KG2	XG2	K2	X2	F2	○	S115	T115	P115	Q115	GA115	SD115	TD115	PD115	QD115	○	○	○	
105	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
102	KG1	XG1	K1	X1	F1	○	S102	T102	P102	Q102	GA102	SD102	TD102	PD102	QD102	○	○	○	
97	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
95	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
86	KG18	XG18	K18	X18	F18	○	○	○	○	○	GA86	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
76	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	GA76	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	
$I_r$ (A) Rated Current	2	3	2	3	3	4	10	15 16	20	25	50	10	15 16	20	25	5	10	15	
$U_r$ (VDC) Rated Voltage	60						100		120		125				200				
Product Structure	<p>Radial Shape (Screw Hole)</p>						<p>Radial Shape</p>		<p>Radial Shape</p>				<p>Axial Shape (Flat Electrode)</p>						
									Lead wire can be customized.										